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Influenza Surveillance Report – 2018-2019 Season - Week 14

Data from March 31, 2019 to April 6, 2019

Introduction

The purpose of this report is to provide ongoing description and assessment of the activity and types of circulating influenza viruses, and to assess morbidity, hospitalization and mortality related to influenza. It is meant to provide healthcare providers and facilities, public health professionals, policy makers, the media and the public with a general understanding of the severity and burden of the current flu season on a weekly basis in Nevada and nationwide. Data from several surveillance programs analyzed in this report is provisional and may change as additional information become available.

If you have questions or comments about this report, are interested in having your medical facility join the sentinel provider program, or have any questions about your facility's participation or reporting, please contact Ashleigh Faulstich, MPH at afaulstich@health.nv.gov or (775) 684-5292.

Influenza activity in the State of Nevada is presently regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.

Table 1:

Week 14 Summary					
	ILI Current Activity	ILI Activity Baseline	Influenza -related Hospitalization	Influenza -related Mortality	Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality
Nevada	1.93%	1.36%	17 (0.5 per 100,000)	0/377 (0%)	13/377 (3.45%)
Region 9	2.91%	2.40%	pending	31/5672 (0.55%)	425/5672 (7.49%)
National	2.76%	2.20%	1.9 per 100,000	266/34861 (0.76%)	2179/34861 (6.25%)

Local Health Authority (LHA) reports

Weekly influenza reports from the three LHAs are available on the respective websites:

- Southern Nevada Health District: <https://www.southernnevadahealthdistrict.org/stats-reports/influenza-surveillance.php>
- Washoe County Health District: https://www.washoecounty.us/health/programs-and-services/communicable-diseases-and-epidemiology/statistics_surveillance_reports/influenza-surveillance/index.php
- Carson City Health & Human Services: Western NV Regional Influenza Report: <http://getthehealthycarsoncity.org/seasonalflu/>

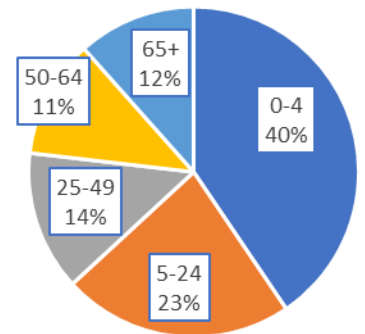
Sentinel Provider Program Description

The sentinel provider program is a partnership between clinicians, healthcare facilities, local health authorities (LHA), the Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health, and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Sentinel providers voluntarily submit a weekly report to the CDC of the number of patients seen at their facility with influenza-like illness (ILI) by age group as well as the total number of patients seen for any reason. ILI is defined as fever ($\geq 100^{\circ}\text{F}$, 37.8°C) in the presence of cough and/or sore throat without a known cause other than influenza. Sentinel providers may also submit nasal, throat, and/or nasopharyngeal swabs for selected patients to the Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) for viral testing and subtyping at no cost to the patient or provider.

Sentinel Provider Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Activity:

Figure 1 shows the percent of ILI patients by age group for week 14. Those age 0-4 represented 40% of all reported ILI cases in Nevada. 23% of cases were ages 5-24, 14% ages 25-49, 11% ages 50-64, and 12% ages 65 and older.

Figure 1:
Week 14
Percent of ILI patients by age



In week 14, 9,854 patient visits were reported by sentinel providers in Nevada, of which 190 met criteria for ILI, representing 1.9% of the sample. ILI activity was above the Nevada baseline of 1.4%. **Figure 2** shows the percent of reported visits statewide for which the patient met clinical criteria for ILI. The current influenza season (2018 week 40 – 2019 week 20), in bold, is overlaid with the prior four seasons.

For week 14, 2.9% of patients reported in Region 9 (AZ, CA, HI, NV, and US Pacific Islands) and 2.8% of patients reported nationally met criteria for ILI. The regional activity level is greater than the regional baseline of 2.4% and the national activity level is greater than the national baseline of 2.2%.

Figure 3 displays a comparison of the percent of visits which met ILI criteria for Nevada, Region Nine, and nationally.

Figure 2.

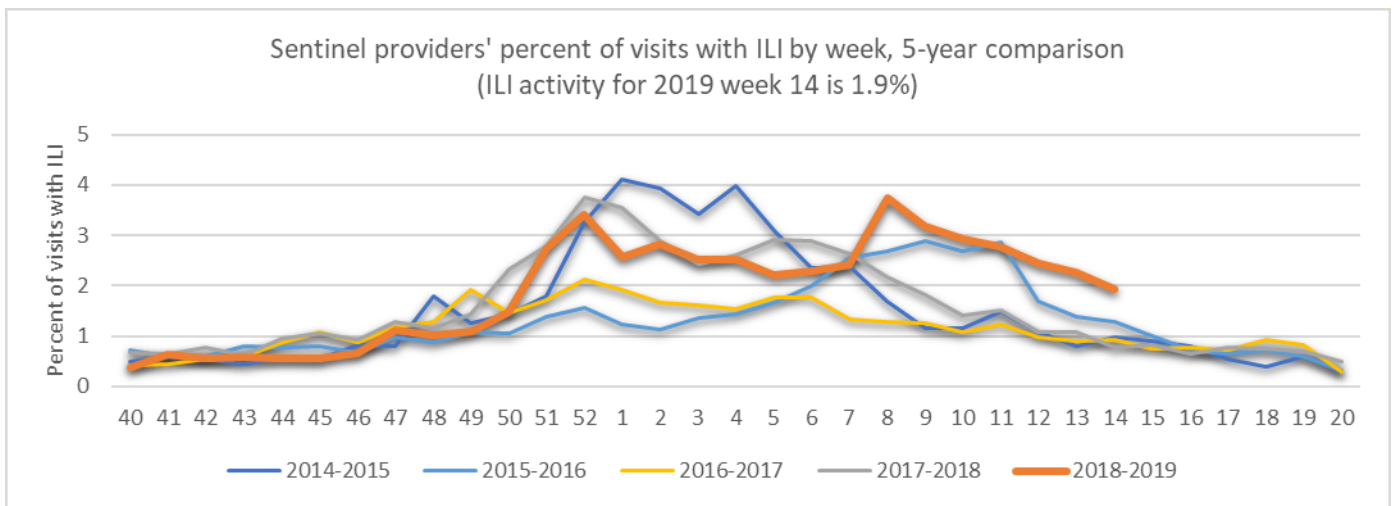
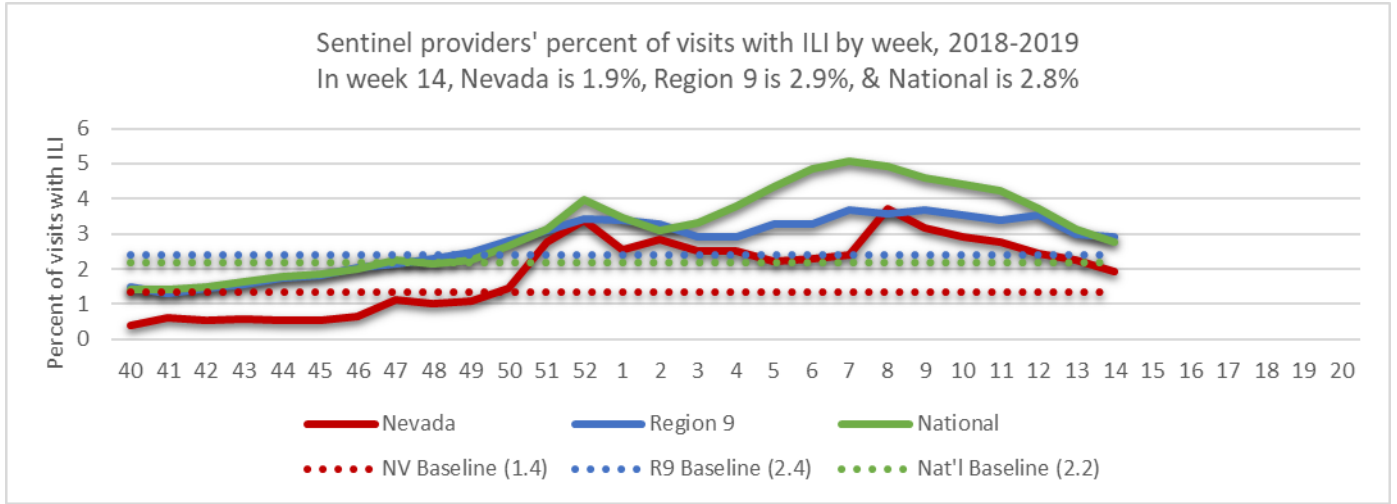


Figure 3.



Sentinel Providers Virologic Testing

The Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) and other laboratories provide influenza virus testing and subtyping for specimens submitted by sentinel providers. For week 14, 13 specimens were positive of 61 submitted (21%). From week 40 to date, 482 specimens were positive of 1,521 submitted (32%). **Figure 4** shows the number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by subtype expressed as a percentage of all laboratory-confirmed specimens tested. Of the 482 positive specimens to date, 155 were typed as influenza A (2009 H1N1), 217 as A (subtyping not performed), 100 as A (H3N2), eight as B (subtyping not performed), one as B (Victoria), and one as B (Yamagata). **Table 2** shows the number of sentinel site specimens tested by laboratory this season and the number and percent positive for influenza of any type.

Figure 4:

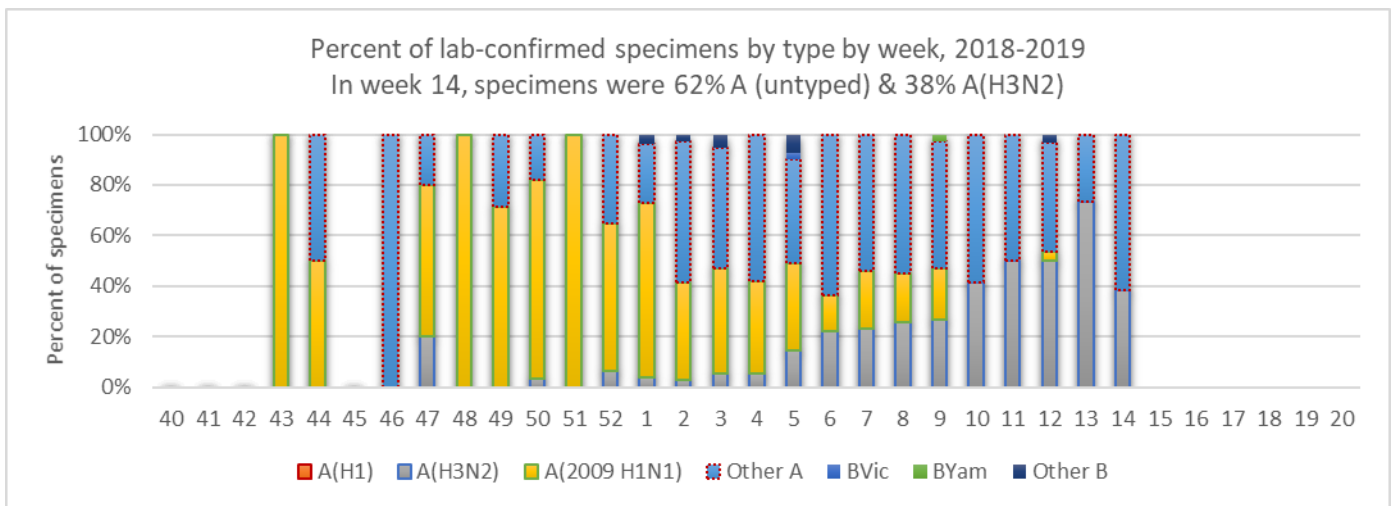


Table 2:

Lab	# of tests performed	# positive	% positive
Nevada State Public Health Lab (NSPHL)	273	201	74%
Southern Nevada Public Health Lab (SNPHL)	68	6	9%
All other labs	1,180	275	23%
Total	1,521	482	32%

Influenza Hospitalizations

LHAs investigate and report to DPBH Influenza-associated hospitalizations. **Figure 5** shows the number of patients hospitalized with influenza by jurisdiction. In week 14, Washoe County Health District reports six, Southern Nevada Health District reports 11, and Carson City Health and Human Services and Rural Health Services each report none. From week 40 to date, 1,244 total hospitalizations have been reported statewide. **Figure 6** shows the number of hospitalized patients by influenza type, if reported. For week 14, 13 patients were type A with subtyping not performed, one patient had type B with subtyping not performed, and type information was not yet available for the others.

Table 3 shows reported characteristics of hospitalized patients. Data will continue to be entered as it becomes available through chart review. The “percent meet criteria” fields show the number of patients with each condition or risk factor expressed as a percentage of all hospitalized patients reported for that time period. For example, since week 40, 209 patients have been admitted to the ICU of 1,244 hospitalized patients.

Figure 5:

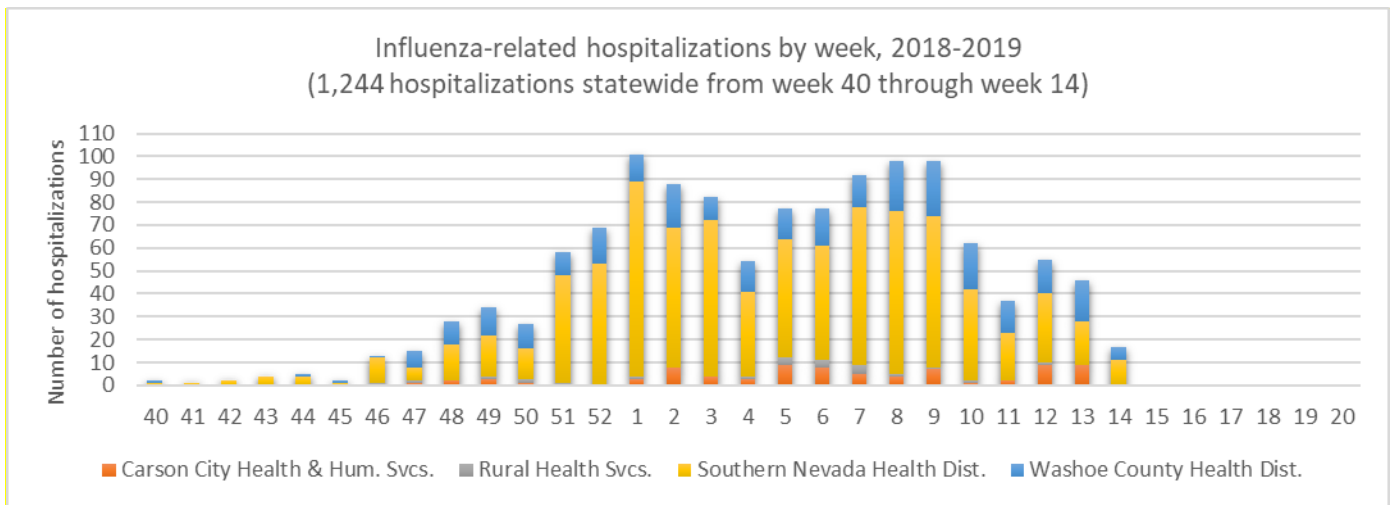


Figure 6:

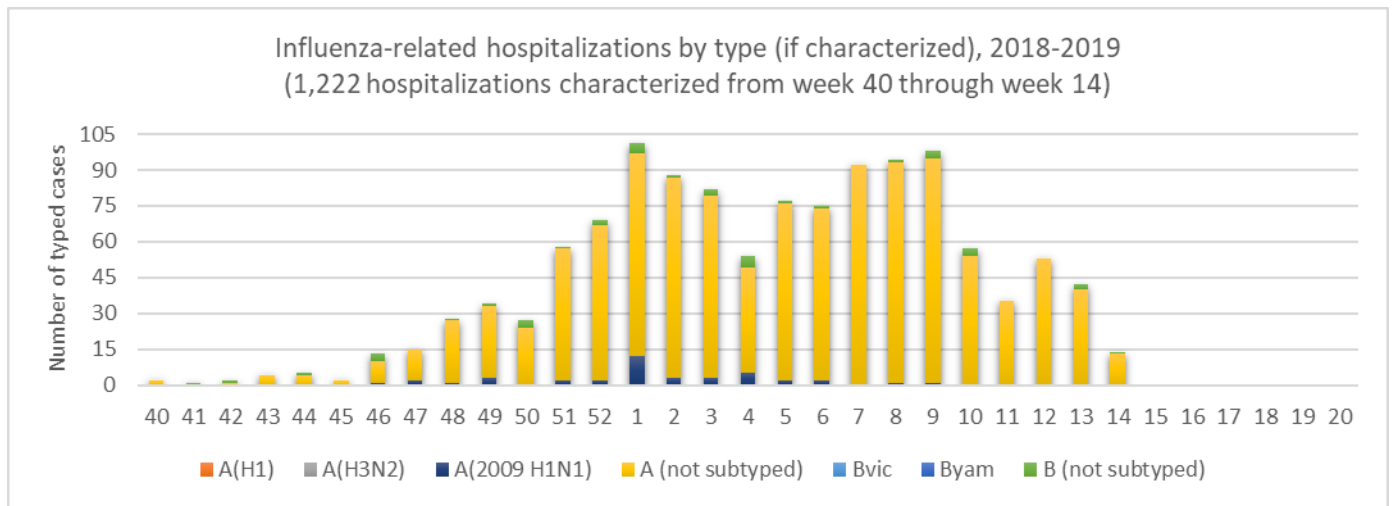


Table 3:

Selected characteristics of hospitalized patients

criteria	Week 14 (17 hospitalizations)		Season-to-date (1,244 hosp.)	
	# of Hospitalized who Met Criteria (of all those hospitalized that week)	% of Hospitalized who Met Criteria of all those hospitalized that week	# of Hospitalized who Met Criteria	% of Hospitalized who Met Criteria
on ventilator	0	0%	112	9%
admitted to ICU	3	18%	209	17%
vaccinated	3	18%	269	22%
antiviral within 48h	8	47%	415	33%
antiviral at any time	12	71%	1100	88%
pregnant*	0	0%	38	3%
resident of SNF/LTC*	0	0%	0	0%
Am-Indian/AK-Nat.*	0	0%	2	0%
asthma*	1	6%	175	14%
neurological cond.*	4	24%	145	12%
chronic lung disease	3	18%	337	27%
heart disease*	6	35%	448	36%
blood disease*	0	0%	47	4%
endocrine disease*	4	24%	256	21%
kidney disease*	0	0%	152	12%
liver disease*	1	6%	31	2%
metabolic disorder*	1	6%	112	9%
immune disease*	2	12%	113	9%
under 19 on aspirin*	0	0%	0	0%
BMI >40*	0	0%	37	3%

Average number of days in hospital

	average	median
Week 14	3.6	3.0
season-to-date	4.5	3.0

Number of hospitalized patients in each age group**

	0-4	5-24	25-49	50-64	65+
Week 14	3	1	1	6	6
season-to-date	110	117	204	322	484

Number of patients by disposition**

	home/ self care discharge	transferred to other hospital	transferred to SNF	home/ skilled care	left AMA	died
Week 14	9	0	0	0	1	0
season-to-date	663	11	78	43	7	36

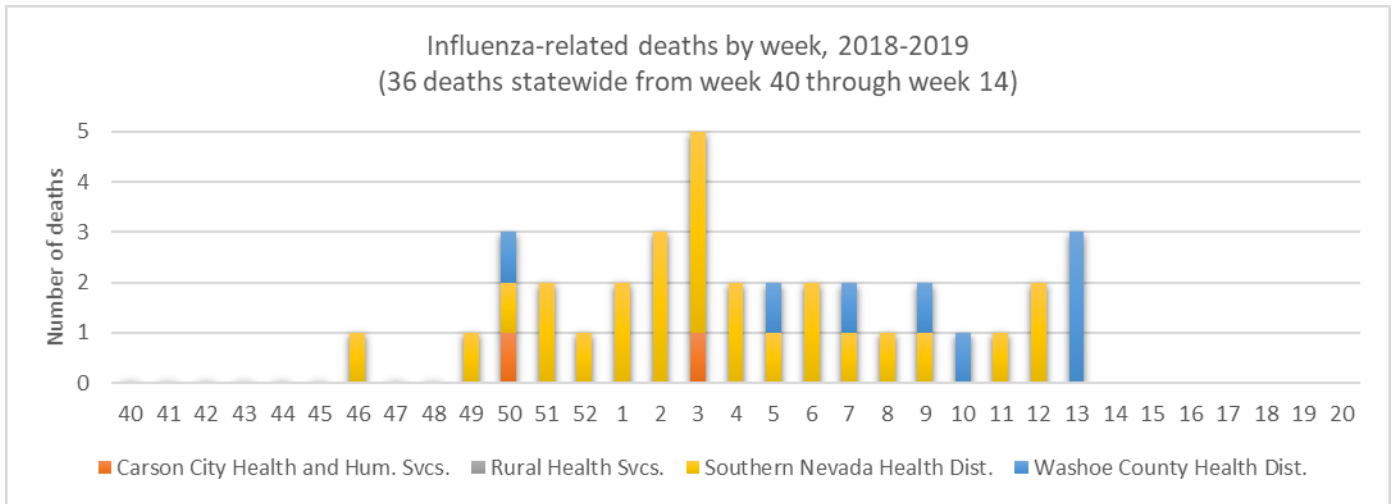
* CDC has identified these factors as associated with greater severity of influenza illness.

** Due to unavailable data, row totals do not match total numbers of hospitalized patients.

Influenza Deaths

Influenza-associated deaths are deaths from a clinically-compatible illness that was confirmed to be influenza by an appropriate laboratory or rapid diagnostic test with no period of complete recovery between illness and death. LHAs investigate all influenza deaths and typically review medical records retroactively up to 30 days from the date of death for an influenza diagnosis. **Figure 7** shows the number of influenza deaths by region for this flu season. No deaths were reported in week 14. There have been 36 influenza deaths reported statewide since week 40.

Figure 7:



Syndromic Surveillance

Syndromic surveillance uses near real-time, pre-diagnostic health data to analyze disease incidence. It may support the identification and characterization of outbreaks as supplemental data or as an early indicator of a possible outbreak. DPBH uses the National Syndromic Surveillance System (NSSP) Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE), a CDC web application, to collect these data from hospitals and urgent care facilities within the state. Chief complaint is used for immediate analysis; discharge diagnosis is used as it becomes available.

Syndromic Surveillance ILI Activity

Figure 8 shows the number of visits with ILI for emergency, inpatient, and outpatient settings. For week 14 there were 596 emergency visits, 34 hospital admissions, and 329 outpatient visits reported. Emergency department visits decreased by 4% from 622 in week 13. **Figure 9** shows the percent of all visits with ILI by age group. For week 14, 27% of visits were for ages 0-4, 33% for ages 5-24, 24% for ages 25-49, 9% for ages 50-64, and 7% for ages 65 and up.

Figure 8:

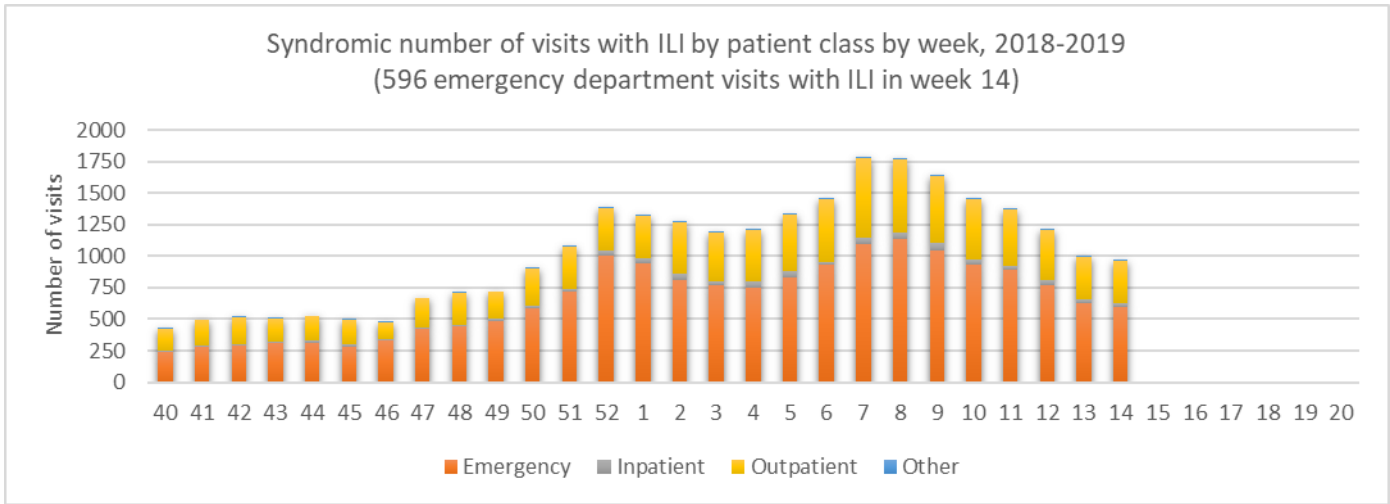
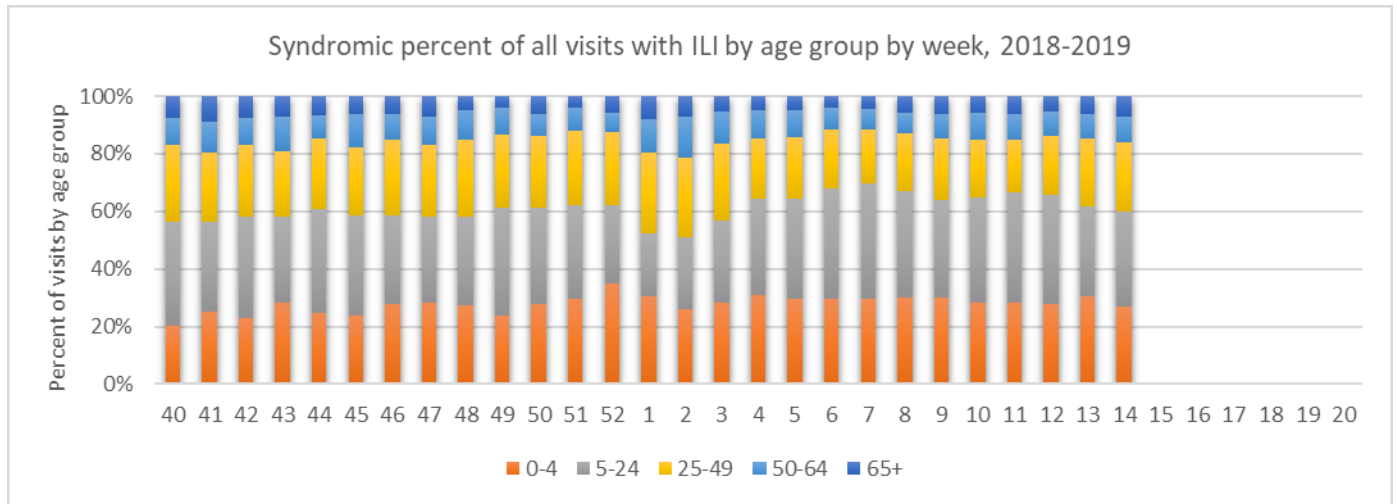


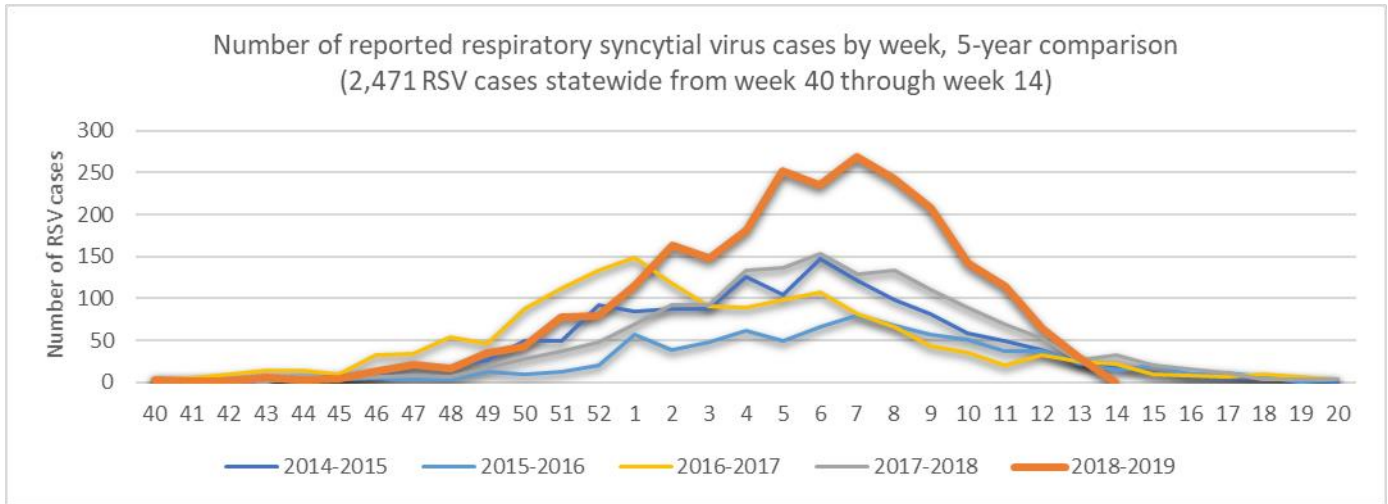
Figure 9:



Respiratory syncytial virus

From week 40 through week 14, 2,471 RSV cases have been reported. In week 14, no cases were yet reported. **Figure 10** shows the number of reported RSV cases for the current season compared with the number reported in the past four seasons. Due to a lag in reporting the case count for recent weeks is expecting to increase.

Figure 10:



Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

Death certificate data are used to calculate pneumonia and influenza deaths. The Division of Public and Behavioral Health is presently evaluating its data extraction methodology and will report P&I deaths in the future from internal data.

The CDC makes P&I death information available in its FluView Interactive GIS application. According to data from the CDC, Nevada's P&I mortality is 3.5% of all deaths reported (13 out of 377) for the most recent week. Region 9's P&I mortality is 7.5% of all deaths reported (425 out of 5,672), which is below the baseline of 7.6%; nationally 6.3% of all deaths are due to P&I (2,179 out of 34,861), which is below the baseline of 6.7%. Region 9's influenza-related mortality is 0.55% (31 out of 5,672) and nationally 0.76% of all deaths are influenza-related (266 out of 34,861).

References

Figures 1, 2, and 3, and Table 1 are derived from ILINet sentinel surveillance data submitted by sentinel providers directly to the CDC.

Table 1 also uses data from CDC's FluView Interactive GIS application.

Figure 4 and Table 2 use ILINet laboratory surveillance data.

Figures 5, 6, 7, and Table 3 are compiled from data collected by local health authorities and abstracted from medical records.

Figures 8 and 9 are populated from the National Syndromic Surveillance System (NSSP) Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE).

Figure 10 is generated from data submitted to Nevada's NBS/NETSS reporting systems.